

A study of attitudes of B.Ed. trainees towards Modernization.

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ABSTRACT

Any research has its decided goal. This study is an educational survey. It is intended to study the attitudes of B.Ed. trainees of Palanpur Taluka towards modernization in relation to some variables. It was necessary to know the attitudes of B.Ed. trainees. The researcher had used self constructed attitude scale. In the scale, 15 positive and 15 negative statements were included. With the help of collected data t-value was calculated and significant level was found to find out conclusions.

Introduction :

The researches in the field of education play an important role for new reforms in the research field. They help to make education useful for society. Such researches are useful personally and for all individual who are engaged in this field. For this study, the researcher decided a problem for research and objectives. Then he formed hypothesis. He collected data from B.Ed. trainees with the help of standardized attitude scale. The data was analyzed with statistical techniques and examined the hypothesis. Finally the conclusions were found out.

Title of the study :

A study of attitudes of B.Ed. trainees towards Modernization.

Objectives of the study :

- (1) To construct an attitude-scale to examine the attitudes of B.Ed. trainees towards modernization.
- (2) To examine the effect of sex on attitudes of B.Ed. trainees towards modernization.
- (3) To examine the effect of area on attitudes of B.Ed. trainees towards modernization.

*Hypothesis

- (1) There will be no significant difference between the average score of attitudes of male B.Ed. trainees and female B.Ed. trainees towards modernization.
- (2) There will be no significant difference between the average score of attitudes of B.Ed. trainees from rural area and urban area towards modernization.

Sampling method :

The population of this study covers the all B.Ed. colleges in Palanpur Taluka. As a sample, 4 B.Ed. colleges were selected purposively. 30 B.Ed. trainees

including 20 males and 10 females were selected by randomly sampling method from each B.Ed. college. Total 120 B.Ed. trainees were included in sample.

Method of the study :

This study is an educational survey so Descriptive Survey method is used.

*Tool :

A self constructed attitude scale was used to collect the data. It was constructed following Lincort method.

Limitation of the study :

- (1) As a tool to measure attitudes towards modernization, a self constructed modernization attitude scale was used.
- (2) The B.Ed. colleges were selected purposively.
- (3) The study was completed during year 2011-12. The result may change year after year.

Conclusion :

- (1) The average score of attitudes of male trainees was 99.22 and female trainees was 91.35 toward modernization. The t-value was 13.11 which was significant at 0.01 level so the first hypotheses is not accepted. It was concluded that the attitudes of male B.Ed. trainees was higher than those of female B.Ed. trainees in Palanpur Taluka.
- (2) The average score of attitudes of rural B.Ed. trainees was 87.44 and urban trainees was 111. The t-value was found 30.21 which was significant as 0.01 level so second hypothesis was not accepted. It was concluded that the attitudes of urban B.Ed. trainees was found higher than those of rural B.Ed. trainees.

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